Verbs OF THE AFFECTIVE DOMAIN

This chart describes the hierarchical categories and subcategories of the affective domain. Potential verbs from the original research¹ are attached to each category, however these were limited. Other potential verbs from another source² are included for your reference.

RECEIVING RESPONDING VALUING ORGANIZATION **CHARACTERIZATION** (ATTENDING) **BY A VALUE OR VALUE COMPLEX** Conceptualization of Generalized set Awareness Acquiescence in Acceptance of a value Learner is conscious of responding Learner's behaviour takes a value *Learner acts consistently* Learner makes the on the characteristics of a Learner has consistency in accordance with the something belief or attitude and stability of values they have response but has not fully accepted the necessity for particular value or belief internalized doing so Willingness to receive Willingness to Preference for a Organization of a Learner is willing to respond value value system tolerate a given stimulus; Learner voluntary commits *Learner is sufficiently Learner brings values* **SUBCATEGORIES** neutral or suspended to the behaviour consistent so that others into an ordered relationship with one judgment towards can identify the value stimulus another Controlled or selected Satisfaction in Commitment attention response *Learner is sufficiently* Learner gives attention to Learner's behaviour is committed to the value to the phenomenon, accompanied by feeling of pursue it, seek it out, perceives it satisfaction want it.

A companion resource to the book **Design to Engage** by Beth Cougler Blom.

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	RECEIVING (ATTENDING)	RESPONDING	VALUING	ORGANIZATION	CHARACTERIZATION BY A VALUE OR VALUE COMPLEX
POTENTIAL VERBS	Appreciate, tolerate	Desire, comply, obey, consent, choose, enjoy	Believe, value, commit, prefer, express loyalty, have faith, convince, convert	Philosophize	Integrate
OTHER POTENTIAL VERBS ACROSS THE DOMAIN	Select, choose, participate, challenge, attempt, seek, persist, join, gather (information), organize, visit, argue (a position), object (to an idea), adopt, submit, persevere, praise, defend, obey, keep (preserve), investigate, attempt, try, specify, offer, propose, reject, accept, consult, question, query, weigh (judge), criticize, evaluate, test, delay (response), qualify, design, suggest, support, recommend, share, dispute, subscribe, promote, spend (money), annotate, advocate, volunteer				

1. Krathwohl, David R., Bloom, Benjamin S., and Masia, Bertram B. 1964. Taxonomy of Educational Objectives: The Classification of Educational Goals. Handbook II: Affective Domain. David McKay Company, Inc. New York.

2. Eiss, Albert F., and Harbeck, Mary Blatt. 1969. Behavioral Objectives in the Affective Domain. National Science Supervisors Association, Washington, DC.